A Big Earth Data Platform for Three Poles

**Qilian Mountains integrated observatory network: cold and arid research network of Lanzhou university (an observation system of meteorological elements gradient of Dayekou Station, 2018)**

1、Description

This dataset includes data recorded by Cold and Arid Research Network of Lanzhou university obtained from an observation system of Meteorological elements gradient of Dayekou Station from January 1 to December 31, 2018. The site (100.285° E, 38.555° N) was located on a glassland in the Dayekou, which is near Zhangye city, Gansu Province. The elevation is 2694 m. The installation heights and orientations of different sensors and measured quantities were as follows: air temperature and humidity profile (8 m), air pressure (2 m), rain gauge (2 m), infrared temperature sensors (2 m, towards south, vertically downward), soil heat flux (below the vegetation, -0.05 m; towards south), soil soil temperature/moisture/electrical conductivity profile (-0.05 m) photosynthetically active radiation (2 m, towards south), four-component radiometer (2 m, towards south), sunshine duration sensor(2 m, towards south).  
The observations included the following: air temperature and humidity (Ta\_8m; RH\_3m, RH\_5 m, RH\_8m) (℃ and %, respectively), wind speed (Ws\_8m) (m/s), wind direction (WD\_8m) (°), air pressure (press) (hpa), precipitation (rain) (mm), four-component radiation (DR, incoming shortwave radiation; UR, outgoing shortwave radiation; DLR\_Cor, incoming longwave radiation; ULR\_Cor, outgoing longwave radiation; Rn, net radiation) (W/m^2), infrared temperature (℃), photosynthetically active radiation (PAR) (μmol/ (s m^2)), soil heat flux (Gs\_5 cm) (W/m^2), soil temperature (Ts\_5cm)(℃), soil moisture (Ms\_5cm)(%, volumetric water content), photosynthetically active radiation (μmol/ (s m^2)), soil water potential (Swp\_5cm)(kpa), soil conductivity (Ec\_5cm)(μs/cm), sun time(h).  
The data processing and quality control steps were as follows: (1) The AWS data were averaged over intervals of 10 min for a total of 144 records per day. The data were missing during Aug 29 to Oct 18 because the battery is unstable; Some meterological data were wrong because the malfunction of datalogger (1.3-1.6；1.8-1.11；1.14-1.20；1.23-1.30；2.9-2.22；2.28-3.23；3.28-5.12); The air humidity data were rejected due to program error. (2) Data in duplicate records were rejected. (3) Unphysical data were rejected. (4) The data marked in red are problematic data. (5) The format of the date and time was unified, and the date and time were collected in the same column, for example, date and time: 2018-6-10 10:30.

2、Keywords

Theme：Soil,Precipitation,Soil temperature,Meteorological element,Soil heat flux  
Discipline：Atmosphere,Terrestrial Surface  
Places：Heihe River Basin  
Time：2018

3、Data details

1.Scale：None

2.Projection：None

3.Filesize：5.37MB

4.Data format：None

4、Space scope

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| - | north：38.556 | - |
| west：100.286 | - | east：100.286 |
| - | south：38.556 | - |

5、Time frame:2018-01-11 16:00:00+00:00--2019-01-10 16:00:00+00:00

6、Reference method

References to data:

ZHANG Renyi, ZHAO Changming. Qilian Mountains integrated observatory network: cold and arid research network of Lanzhou university (an observation system of meteorological elements gradient of Dayekou Station, 2018). A Big Earth Data Platform for Three Poles, doi:10.11888/Geogra.tpdc.2701692019

References to articles:

7、Supporting project information

Pan-Third Pole Environment Study for a Green Silk Road-A CAS Strategic Priority A Program

8、Data resource provider

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